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SUSTAINABLE, HIGH-PERFORMANCE BUILDING SOLUTIONS IN WOOD

2020-1-LV01-KA203-077513

MARGK 45

POLAND, FINLAND, LATVIA, AUSTRIA /TEAM 5

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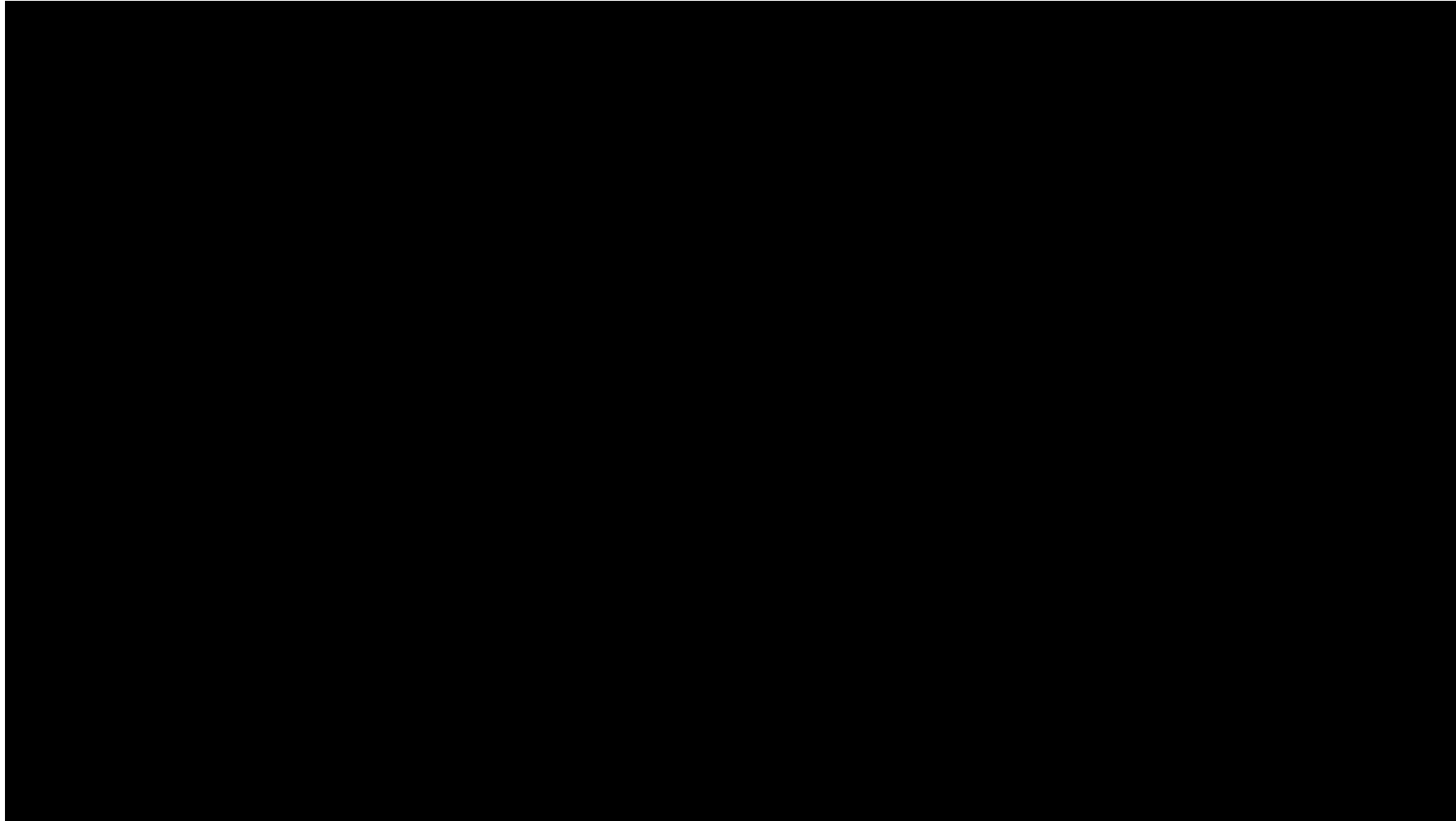
Mikolaj Zamaryka

Guntars Gailitis





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Basic Data

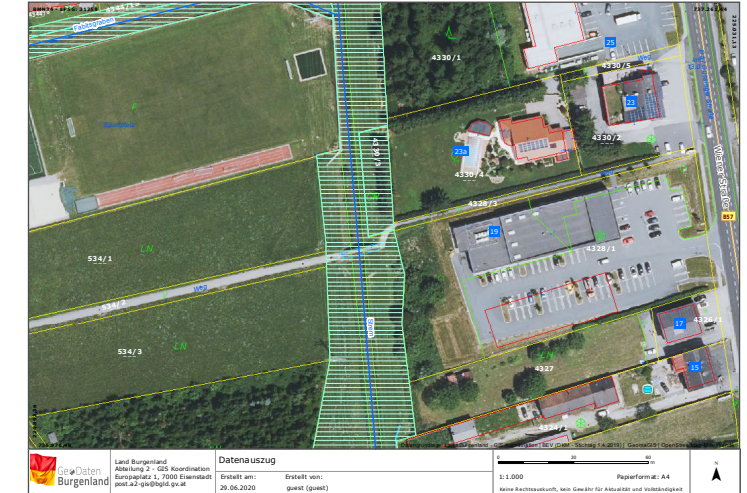
- Type: Living space for young people and families
- Flat sizes: 46 / 95 m²
- 48 Flats (Density: 0,55)
- Included: room for bicycles, community areas, garden or balconies, parking lots



17.09.21

Location

- Stegersbach, a town in the Austrian state of Burgenland. Famous for golfing and its thermal bath.
- Population: 2,468
- Coordinates:
47.16317702532415,
16.161777468347303



Site Plan



Total area of the
site: 11.310 m²

Area of the
buildings: 2060 m²

Area of the
pavings: 2944 m²

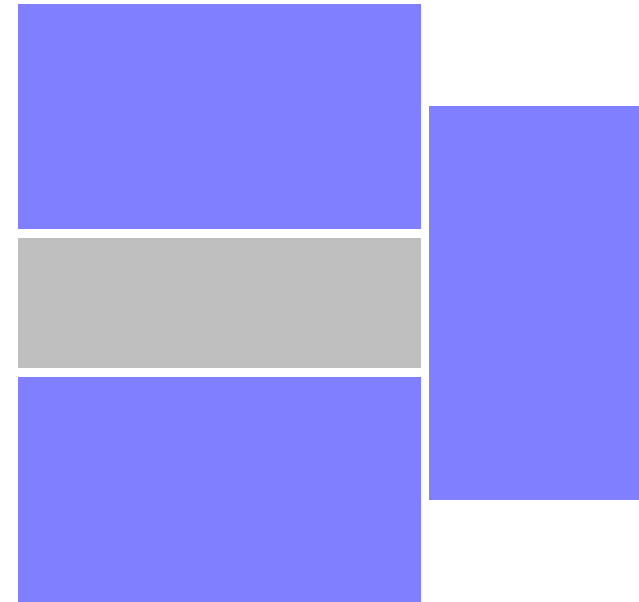
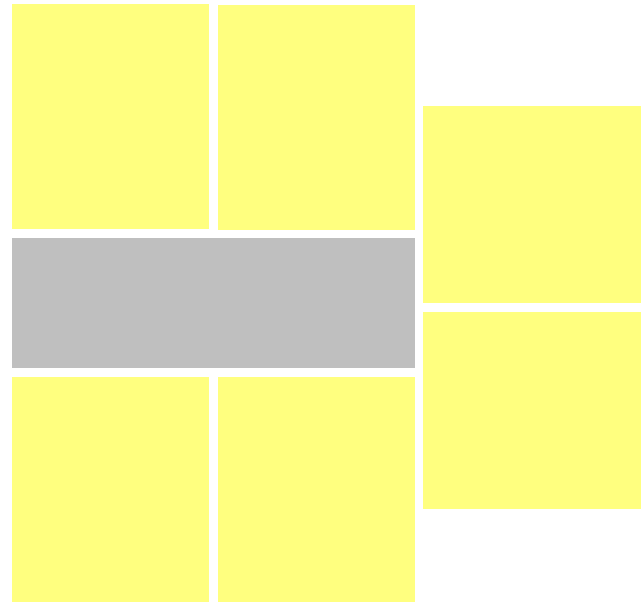
Area of the green
space: 6306 m²

Density: 0,55



Floor Plans

Assembly of the apartments





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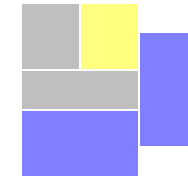
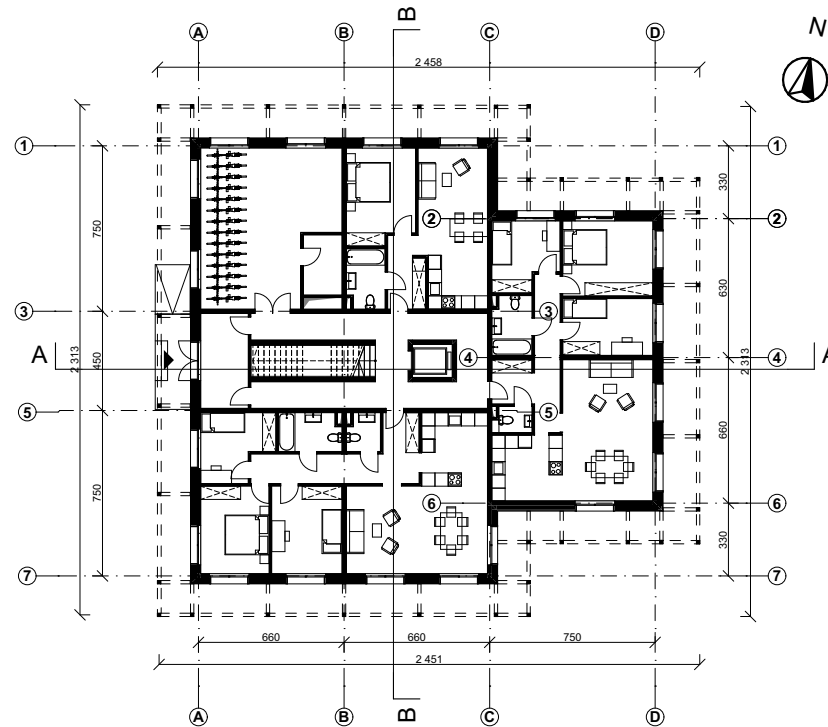


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Floor Plans

Ground Floor





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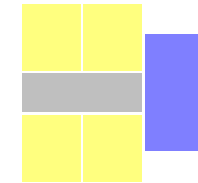
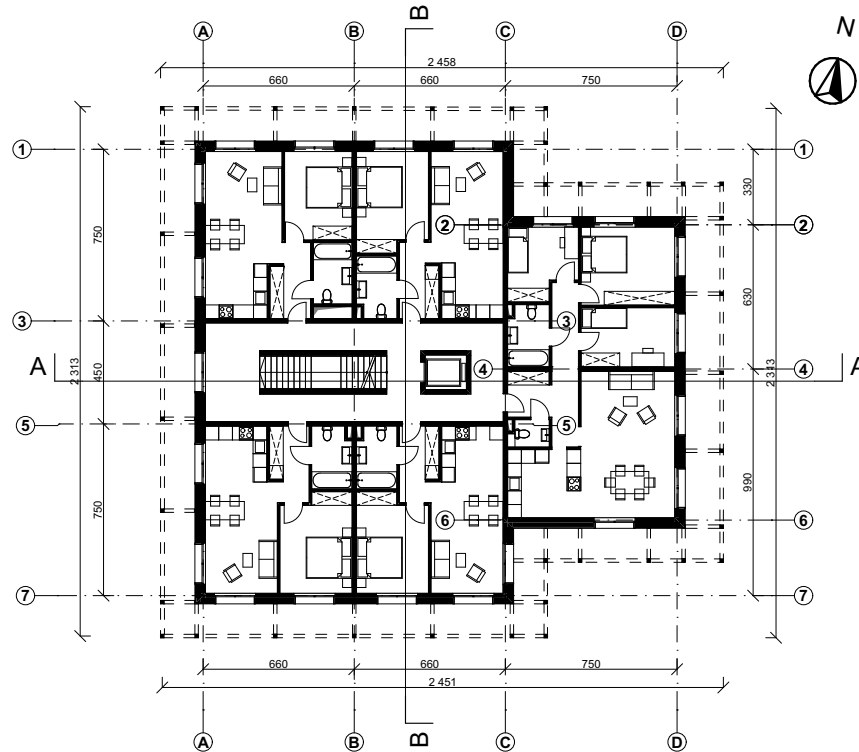


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Floor Plans

First Floor





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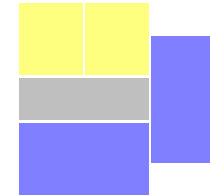
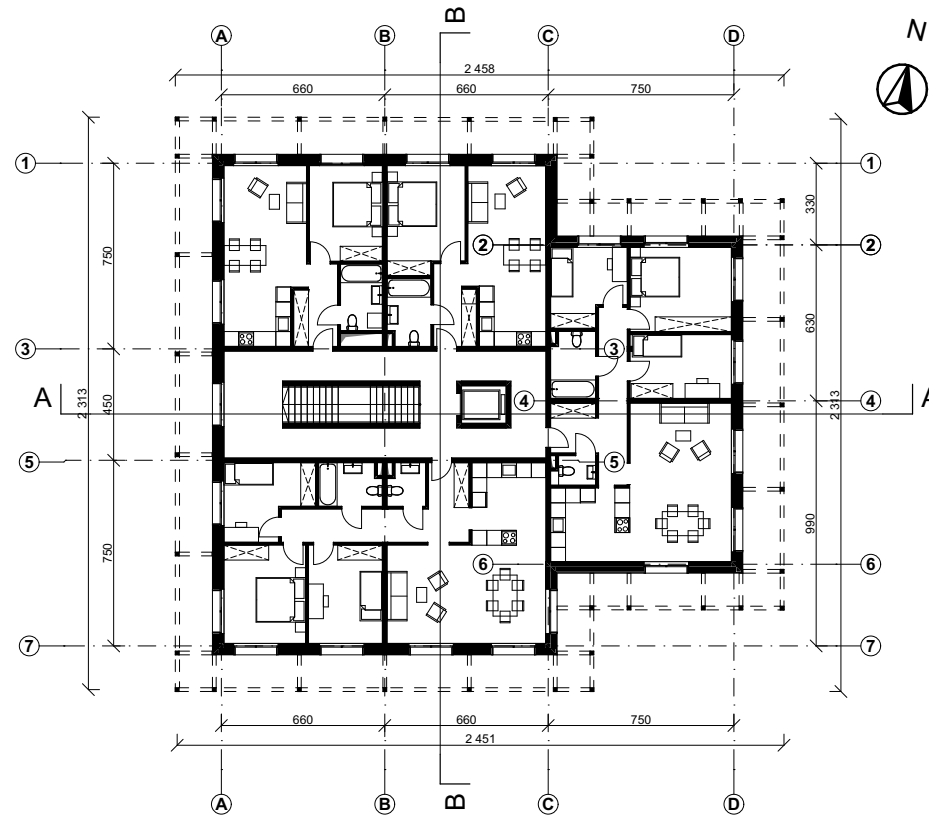


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Floor Plans

Second Floor



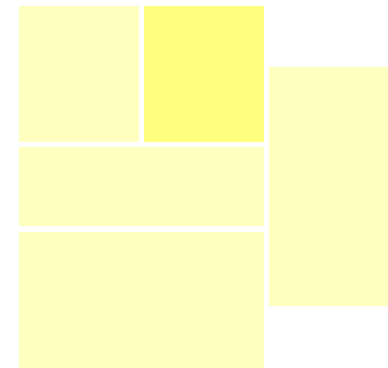
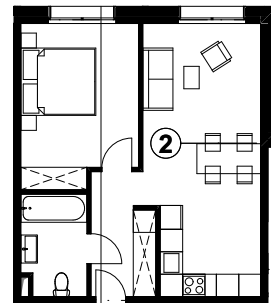
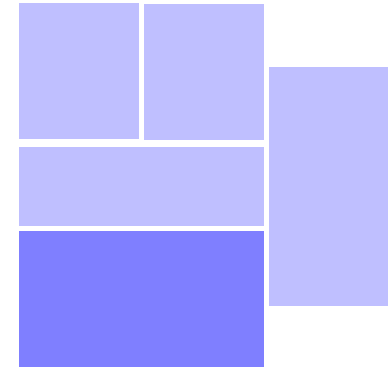
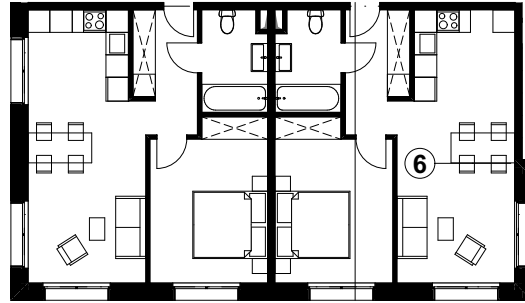


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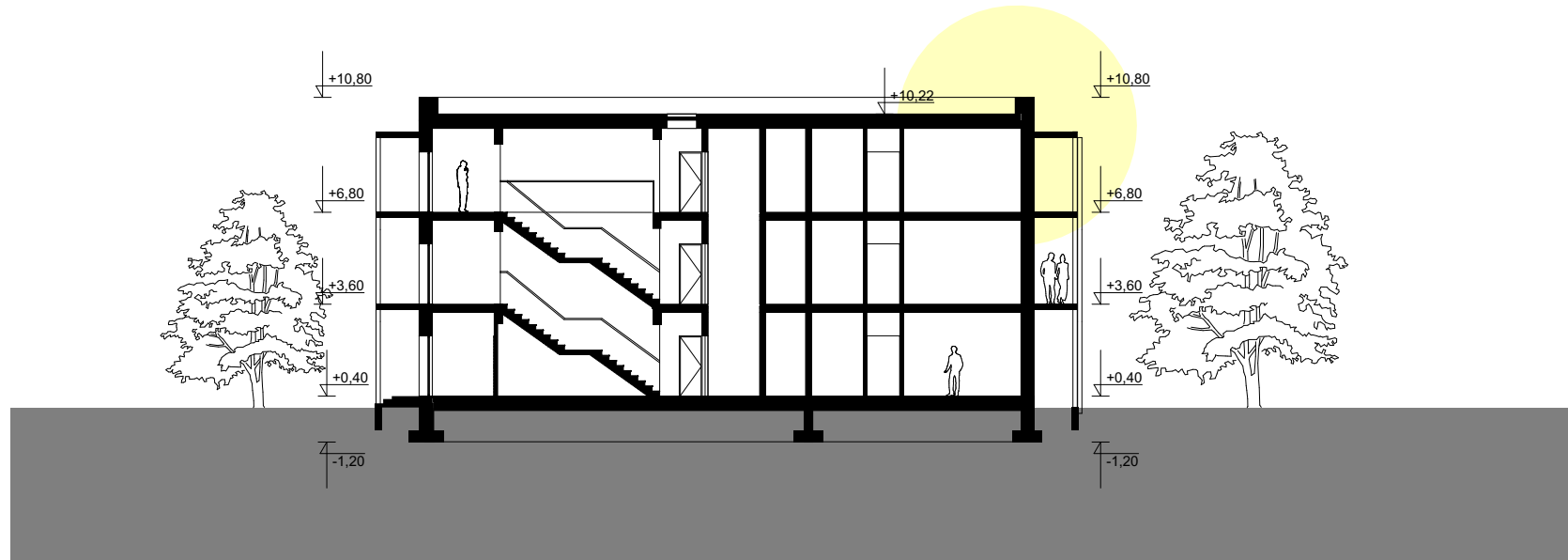


Floor Plans

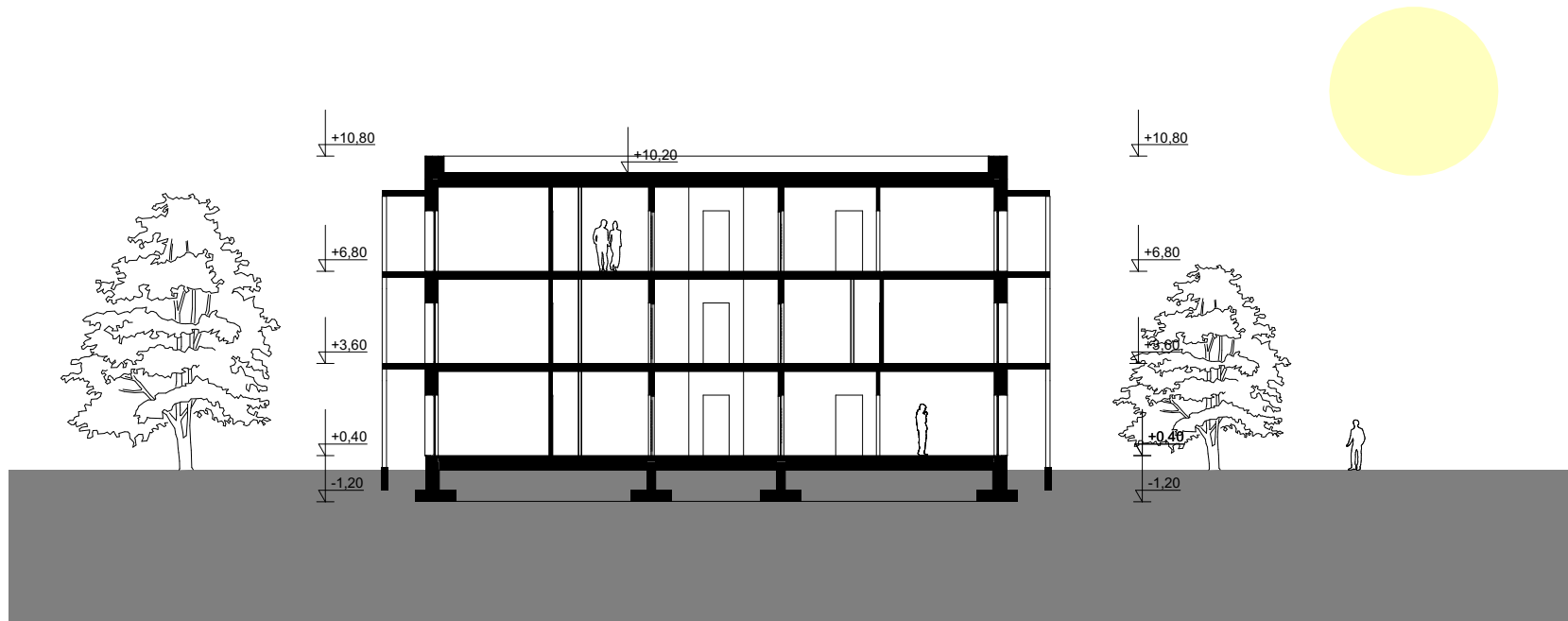
Flats



Section A



Section B

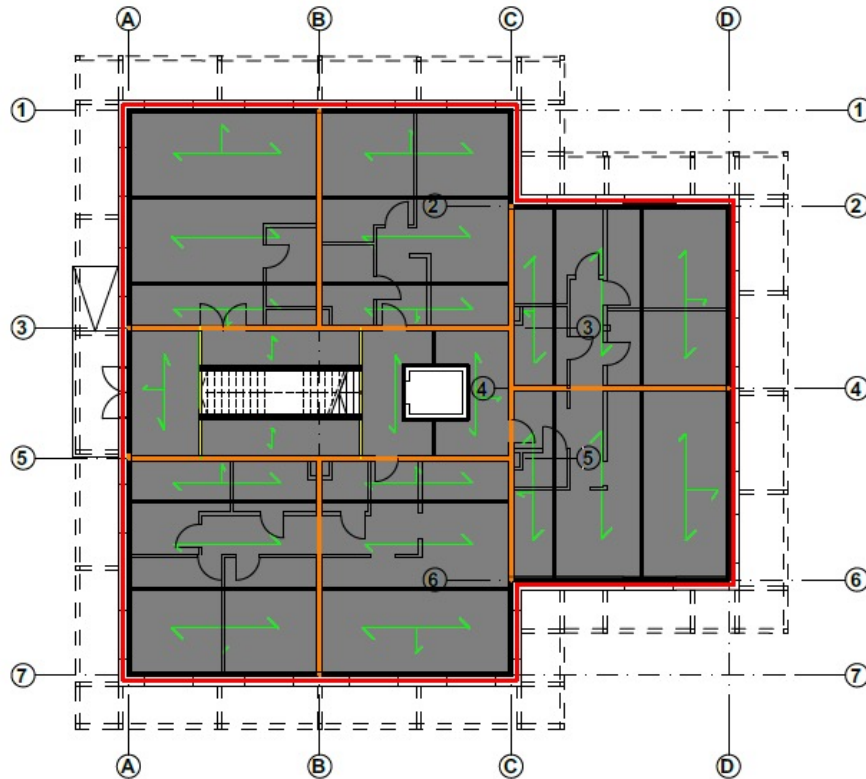


Vertical and horizontal load transfer

- **Live load (apartments):** 2,0 kN/m² (Category A)
- **Live load (roof):** 1,0 kN/m² (Category H)
- **Snow load:** 1,4 kN/m² || **Wind load:** 0,8 kN/m²
- **Dead load:** ~ 8,5 kN/m² (per floor) – 25,5 kN/m² total
- **Staircase:** 2 - 4 kN/m²

- **Thickness of CLT**
 - Walls: 12 cm
 - Ceiling: 24 cm

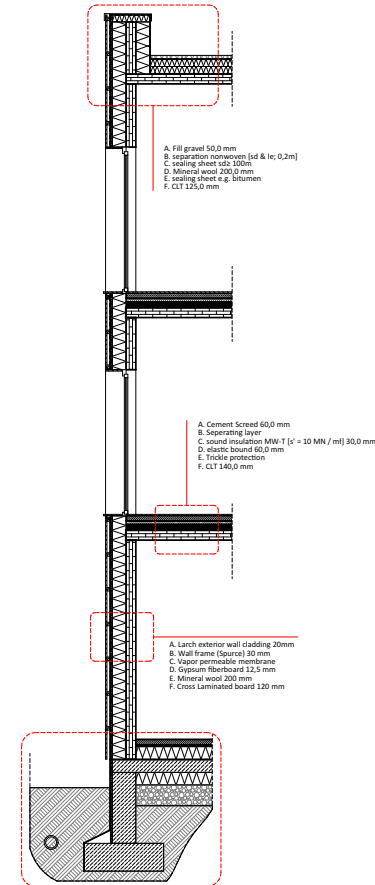
Load transfer



- Outside load bearing walls
- Inside load bearing walls
- Staircase support beams

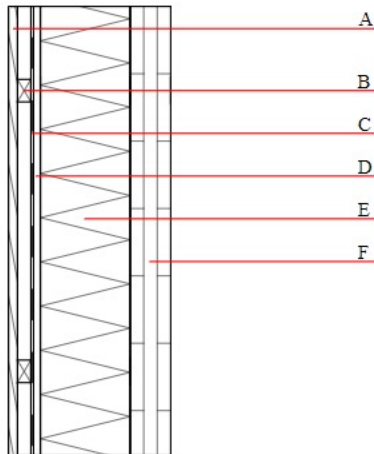


Section through the facade





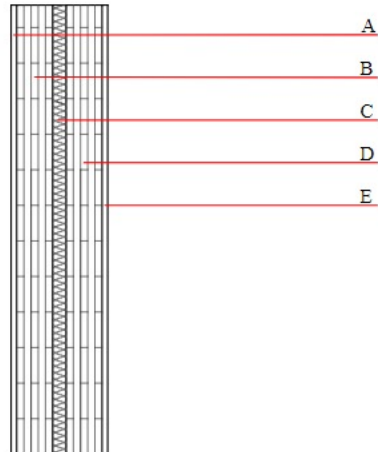
Exterior wall



- A. Larch exterior wall cladding 20mm
- B. Wall frame (Spruce) 30 mm
- C. Vapor permeable membrane
- D. Gypsum fiberboard 12,5 mm
- E. Mineral wool 200 mm
- F. Cross Laminated board 120 mm

Thickness: 359 mm
Fire: REI60
Sound: $R_w = 43$ dB

Seperating wall between apartments



- A. Gypsum plaster board 12,5 mm
- B. Glued solid wood 78,0 mm
- C. Sound insulation 60,0 mm
- D. Glued solid wood 78,0 mm
- E. Gypsum plaster board 12,5 mm

Thickness: 241 mm

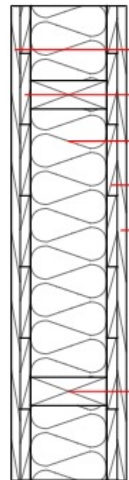
Fire: REI60

Sound: $R_w = 60$ dB

Heat protection: $U = 0,29$ W/(m²K)



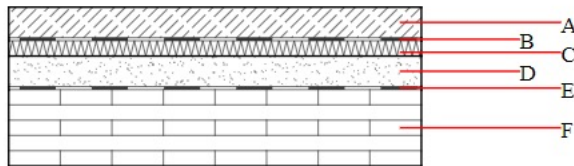
Internal wall



- A. Wooden formwork N&F 19,0 mm
- B. Wood formwork Spruce Diagonal formwork 22,0 mm
- C. Construction wood 160,0 mm
- D. Mineral wool 160,0 mm
- E. Vapour barrier 22,0 mm
- F. Spruce 19,0 mm

Thickness: 402 mm
Fire: REI60
Sound: $R_w = 39$ dB

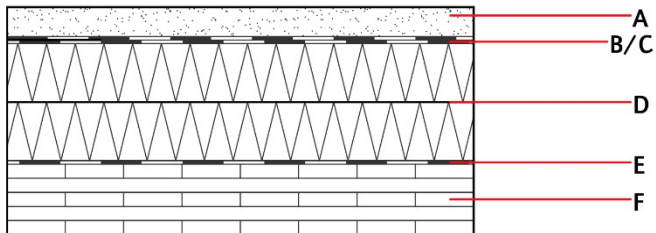
Floor



- A. Cement Screed 60,0 mm
- B. Seperating layer
- C. sound insulation MW-T [$s' = 10 \text{ MN} / \text{m}^3$] 30,0 mm
- D. elastic bound 60,0 mm
- E. Trickle protection
- F. CLT 140,0 mm

Thickness: 290 mm
Fire: REI60
Sound: $R_w = 73 \text{ dB}$

Roof



- A. Fill gravel 50,0 mm
- B. separation nonwoven [sd & le; 0,2m]
- C. sealing sheet $sd \geq 100m$
- D. Mineral wool 200,0 mm
- E. sealing sheet e.g. bitumen
- F. CLT 125,0 mm

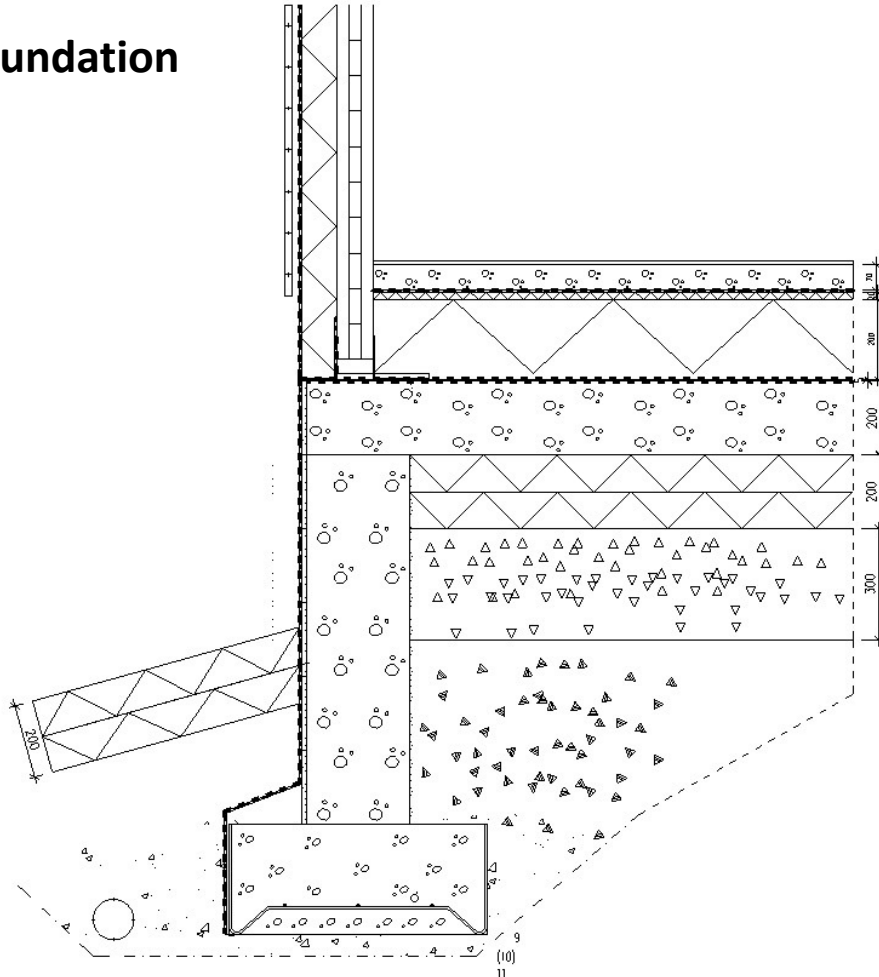
Fire: REI30

Sound: $R_w = 50$ dB

Heat protection: $U = 0,21$ W/(m²K)



Foundation

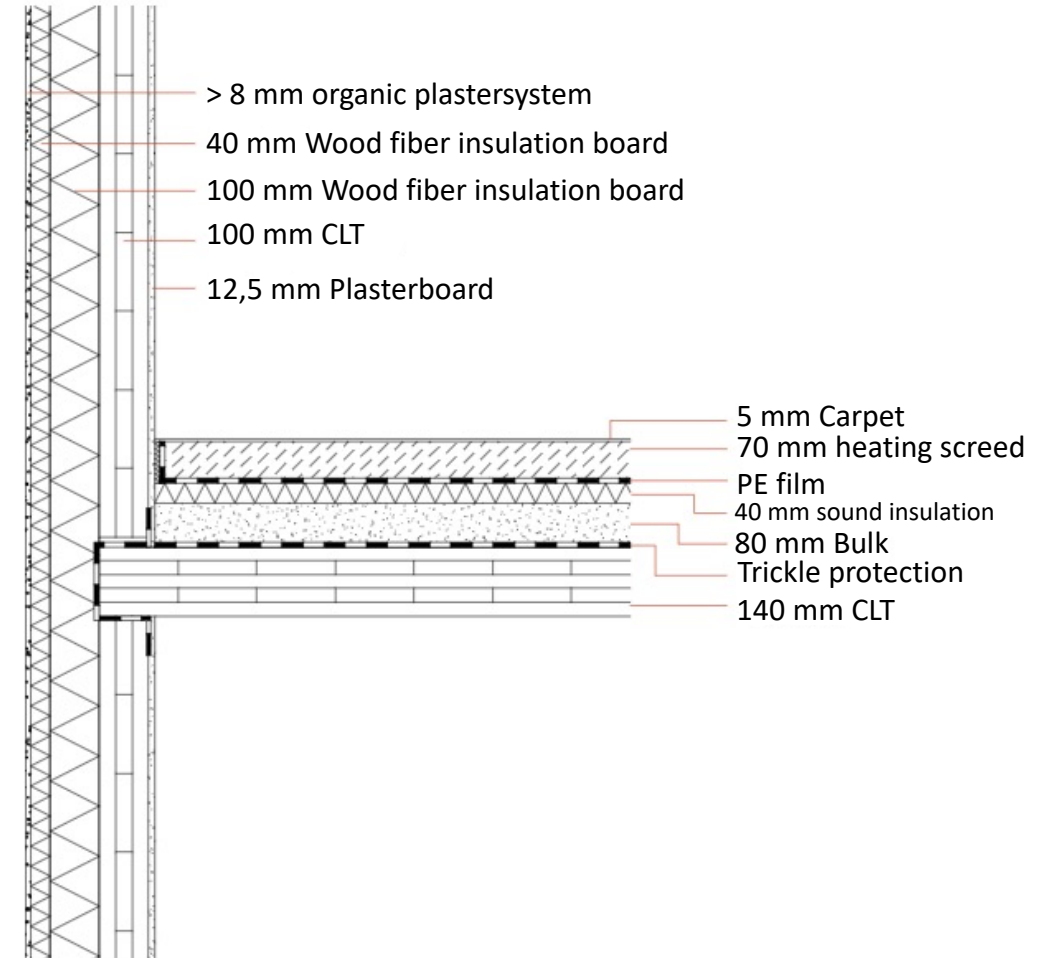


Connection Details

- Leveling agent if necessary + Surface material and treatment according to room description 10 mm
 - Heating screed 70 mm
 - Vapour Barrier 5 mm
 - Mineral wool 20 mm
 - Mineral wool 180 mm
 - Vapour barrier 5 mm
 - Concrete slab 200 mm
 - XPS polystyrene 200 mm
 - Capillary rise breaking layer (Crushed stone) 300 mm
 - Filter cloth
-
- Strip foundation
 - Splash protection and 30 cm distance from ground

Connection Details

- Outside wall - flooring





Connection Details

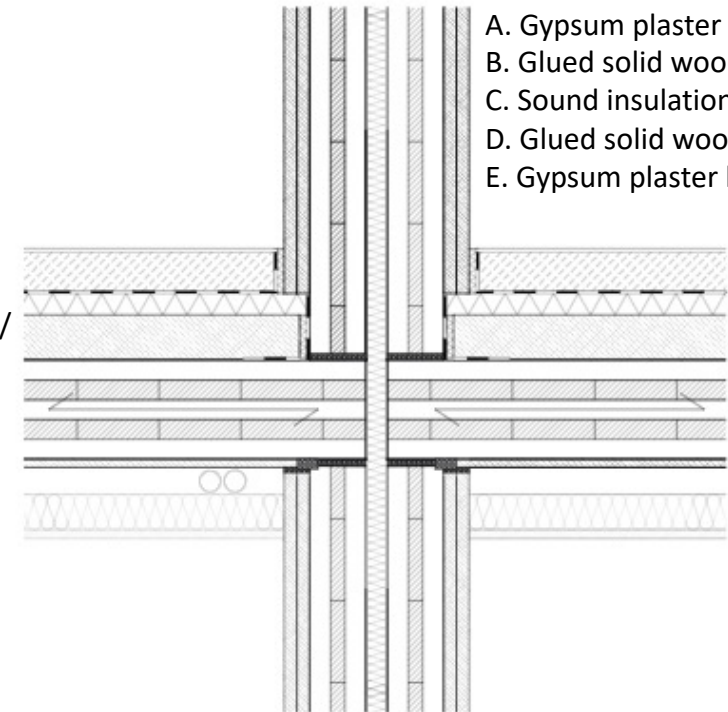
- Load bearing wall indoor

Floor:

- A. Cement Screed 60,0 mm
- B. Seperating layer
- C. sound insulation MW-T [$s' = 10 \text{ MN} / \text{m}^3$] 30,0 mm
- D. elastic bound 60,0 mm
- E. Trickle protection
- F. CLT 140,0 mm

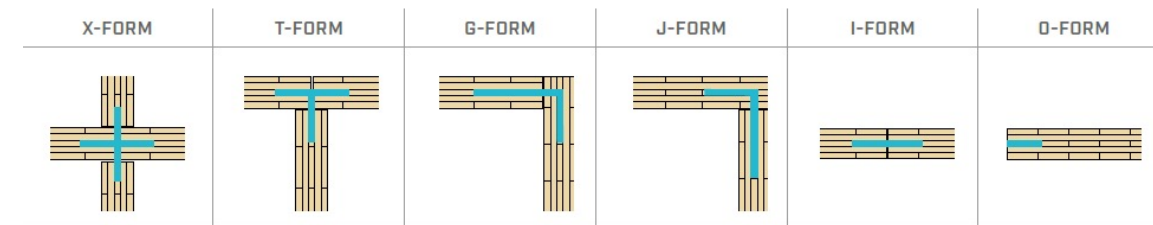
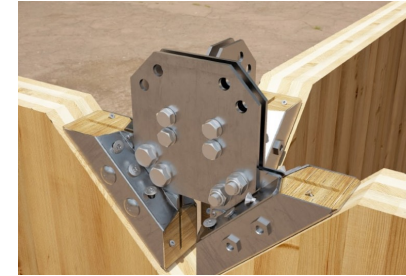
Wall:

- A. Gypsum plaster board 12,5 mm
- B. Glued solid wood 78,0 mm
- C. Sound insulation 60,0 mm
- D. Glued solid wood 78,0 mm
- E. Gypsum plaster board 12,5 mm

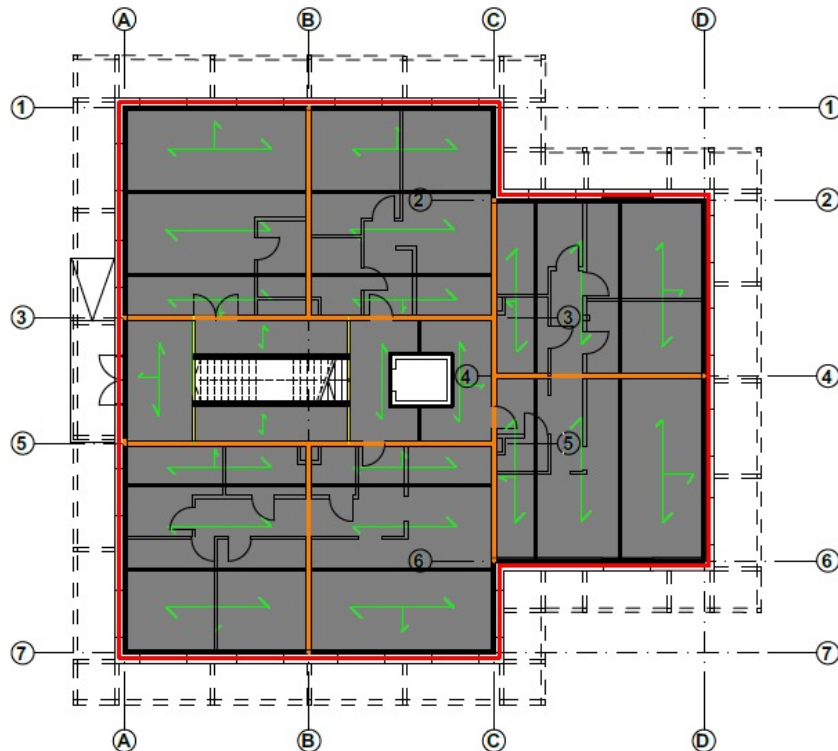


Jointing technology

- Screws are used – no glue
- X-RAD connection to join the CLT elements
 - Saves time
 - X-RAD installed off-site
 - Connection on-site
- Non-CLT elements
 - Angle brackets, etc.



Degree of prefabrication ~ 85%



3 CLT slab elements per flat:

- 2 elements: 3,0x6,6 m
- 1 element: 1,5x6,6 m
- Easy assembly
- Span of 7 m possible according to KLH
- 2 or 3 axle spanned floor slab

Outside/interior loadbearing walls

- Prefabricated with installations
- 1-2 elements possible per wall

Elevator shaft prefabricated

all buildings have the same shape/system - buying the same materials and same amounts for everything makes the planning easier



Concept of sound management

- Between Apartments
 - $D_{nT,w} = 55$ dB (Luftschallschutz)
 - $L'_{nT,w} = 48$ dB (Trittschallschutz)
- Towards outside
 - $R'_{res,w} = 33$ dB (resultierende Bauschalldämm-Maß)
 - Windows and doors, $R_w = 28$ dB (Schalldämm-Maß)
- Technical room - $L_{AFmax,nT} = 25$ dB (30 dB to connecting rooms)
- Choose specific wall build-ups to ensure soundproofing

Concept of heat management

- Wind energy - Burgenland known for wind turbines
 - No mountains – flat area
- Electric heating
 - water circulating Underfloor Heating System
- Solar panels
 - Solar panels are one of the lowest emission ways to generate electricity
 - Solar panel systems are long lasting and require little maintenance.



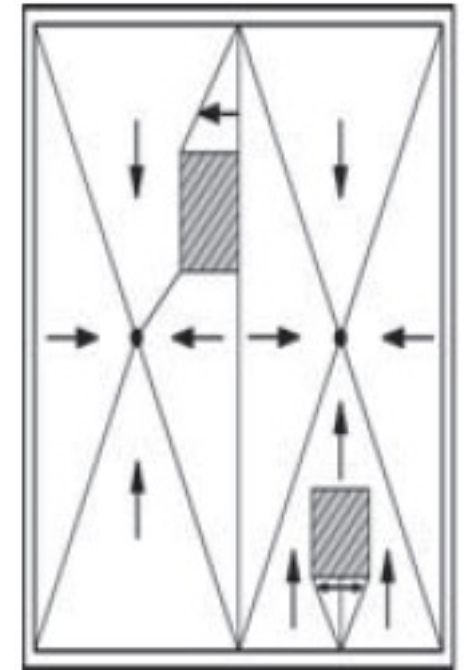
Concept of fire resistance

- Gebäudeklasse 3 (Height 6,4m < 7,0m)
- proper material classification chosen according to OIB guidelines

Loadbearing parts	Seperating walls	Staircases
R 30 (highest floor)	REI 30 (highest floor)	REI 60 (walls)
R 60 (floors overground)	REI 60 (floors overground)	EI2 30-C (apartment doors)
		E 30-C (doors to hallways)

Concept of moisture management

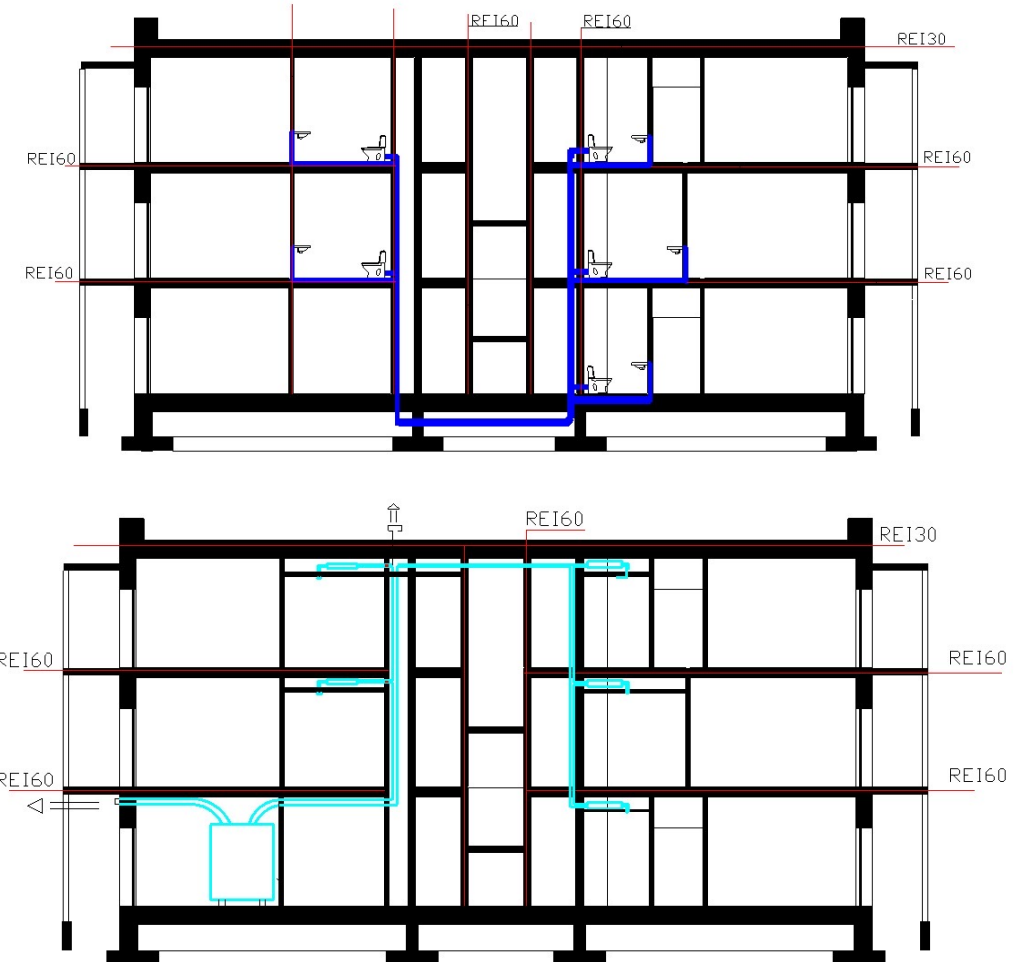
- Underdrain system
 - Keeping out water coming foundation
- 4 inclined fields on roof (tot. 518 m²) - internal drainage system
- Ventilation system
 - Keep the structures of the apartment in good condition





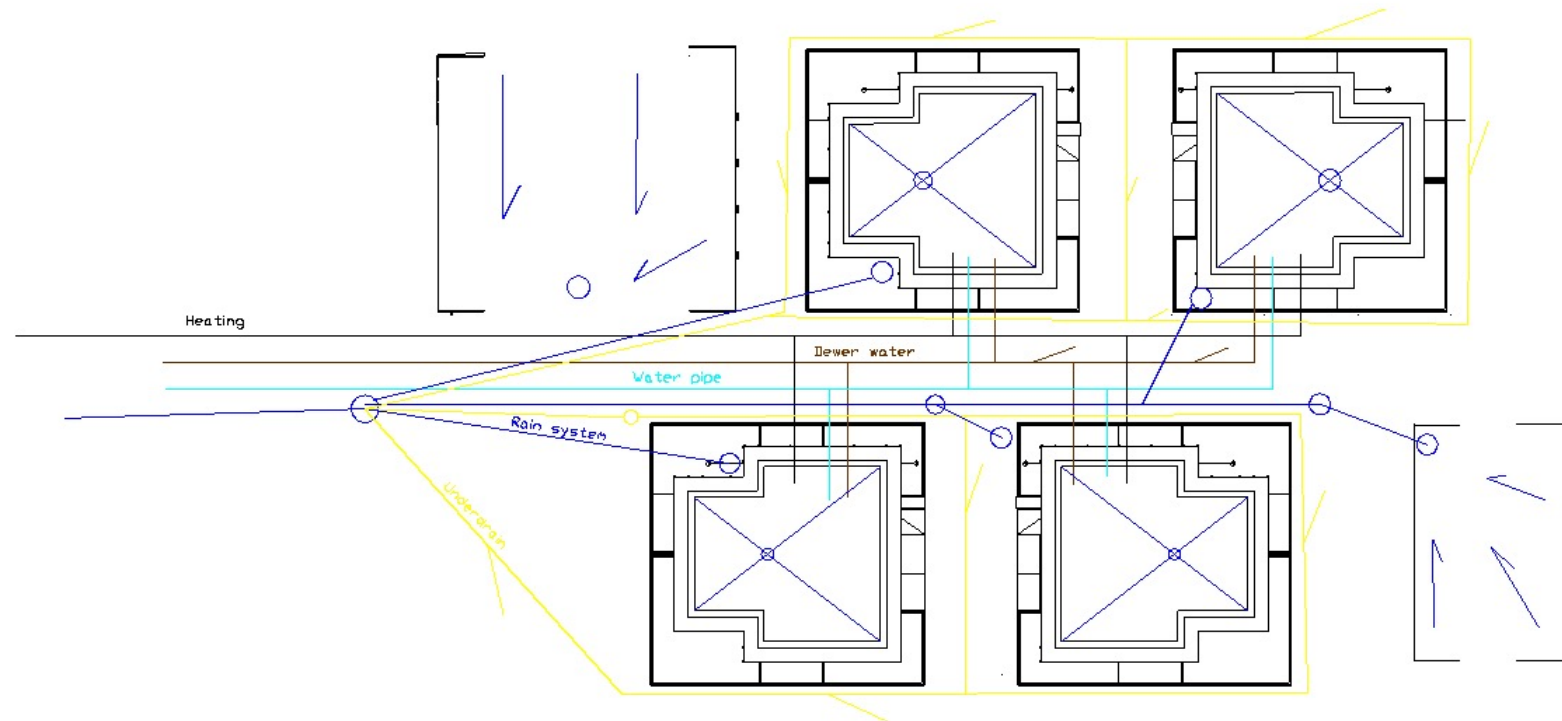
Technical systems

- Ventilation system
 - System location is ground floor
 - Exhaust air is led out from two places
 - Through a wall and roof
 - „Easier to be and breathe“
- Water system
- Central water pipe locations
- Solar panels



HVAC system

- Drain Water (Blue)
 - Parking lot
 - Roof
- Sewer water (Brown)
- Underdrain (Yellow)
- Water pipe (Light blue)
- Heating (Black)



Dismantling and flexibility concept

Dismantling:

- Heat system can be reused
- Screws instead of glue - CLT panels can be changed / reused easily
- solar panels can be reused
- CLT is easy to recycle
- space between the buildings - if more living space is needed it can be added later on

Flexibility Concept:

- simple apartments - can be adapted
- different sizes of apartments
- all apartments have the same system

Sustainability concept

- CLT - sustainable material - wood is local
- low CO2 footprint
- good fire resistance, air quality and soundproofing
- Wind turbines
- Reusable floor heating mats
- two different apartment types - if you want to move in a bigger apartment you can stay in the same building
- social aspect (community rooms)
- big outside area- it's possible to grow some of your own food
- compact design and simple shape
- durable
- orientation – using the sunlight to create a comfortable way of living
- Parking lots for electric cars

Cost efficiency

- compact design and simple shape - more efficient
- getting materials from only few suppliers so its easier and more efficient
- durable so after some time it will be profitable
- small apartments are less costworthy and space is used efficient
- some of the energy is self generated (solar panels, wind turbines)
- no details or ornaments
- entertainment can be in the community areas so people can share their equipment
- Self supporting balconies



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